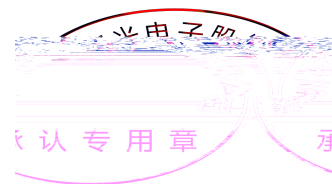


# SPECIFICATION



## Contents

1. Description	3
1.1 General Description	3
1.2 Features	3
1.3 Application	3
1.4 Package Dimension	4
1.5 Product Parameters	5
1.6 Bin Range Of Forward Voltage and Luminous Intensity	BIN 6
1.7 Typical Optical Characteristics Curves	8
2. Packaging	12
2.1 Packaging Specification	12
2.1.1 Carrier Tape Dimension	12
2.1.2 Reel Dimension	12
2.1.3 Label Form Specification	13
2.2 Moisture Resistant Packing	13
2.3 Cardboard Box	14
2.4 Reliability Test Items And Conditions	14
2.5 Criteria For Judging Damage	15
3. SMT Reflow Soldering Instructions SMT	16
3.1 SMT Reflow Soldering Instructions SMT	16
4. Handling Precautions	18
4.1 Handling Precautions	18



# 1. Description

## 1.1



The White LED, which was fabricated by using a blue chip and the phosphor.

Product Package:3.50mmX2.80mmX1.85mm.

A

:3.50mmX2.80mmX1.85.

## 1.2Features

PLCC4 Package. L 0

Extremely wide viewing angle.

Suitable for all SMT assembly and solder process.

Available on tape and reel.

Moisture sensitivity level: Level 2.

Compliance with RoHS and REACH. 符合RoHS和REACH要求

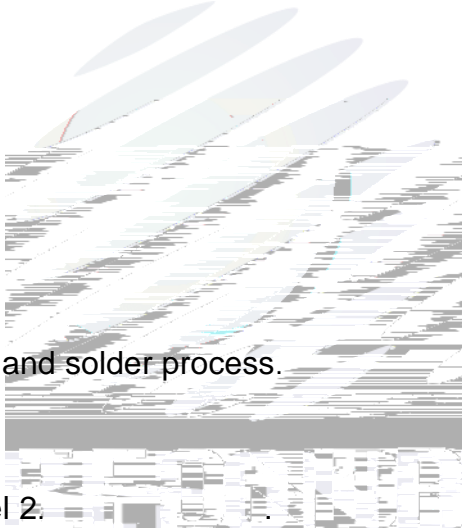
Qualifications: The product qualification test plan is based on the guidelines of AEC-Q101 Stress Test Qualification for Automotive Grade Discrete Semiconductors

A M-, -

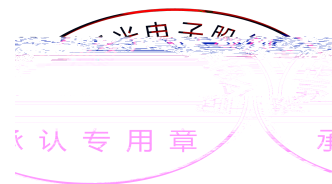
## 1.3Application

Automotive Interior Lighting. 汽 内 照明

Switches. 开关



OI P



### 1.4 Package Dimension

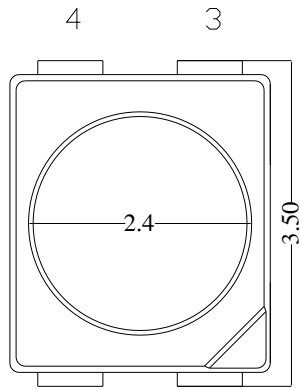


Fig.1-1 Top View

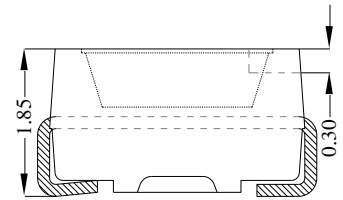


Fig.1-2 Side View

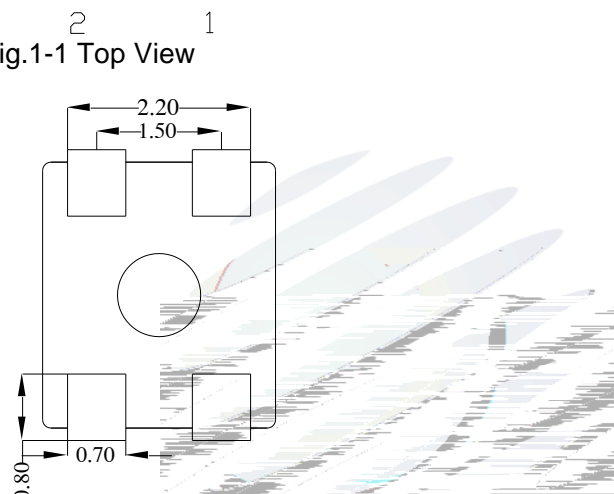


Fig.1-3 Bottom View

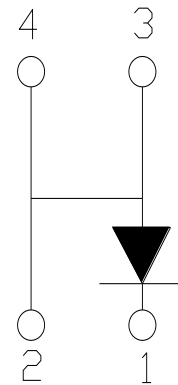


Fig.1-4 Polarity

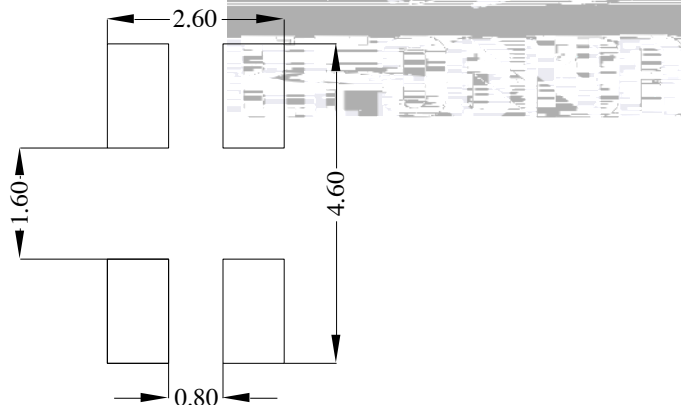
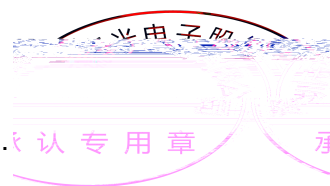


Fig.1-5 Soldering Patterns

#### Notes

- All dimensions units are millimeters.

- All dimensions tolerances are  $\pm 0.2\text{mm}$  unless otherwise noted.



## 1.5 Product Parameters

Table 1-1 Electrical / Optical Characteristics at Ts=25°C

Item	Symbol	Test Condition	Value			Unit
			Min.	Typ.	Max.	
Forward Voltage	$V_F$	$I_F=50\text{mA}$	2.8	3.1	3.4	V
Reverse Current	$I_R$	$V_R=5\text{V}$	---	---	10	$\mu\text{A}$
Luminous Intensity	$I_V$	$I_F=50\text{mA}$	4300	6000	8000	mcd
Viewing Angle		$I_F=50\text{mA}$	---	120	---	deg
Thermal Resistance.	$R_{THJ-S}$	$I_F=50\text{mA}$	---	---	130	K/W

Table 1-2 Absolute Maximum Ratings at Ts=25°C

Parameter	Symbol	Rating	Units
Power Dissipation	$P_D$	238	mW
Forward Current	$I_F$	70	mA
Peak Forward Current	$I_{FP}$	100	mA
Reverse Voltage	$V_R$	5	V
Electrostatic Discharge (HBM)	$E_{SD}$	2000	V
Operating Temperature	$T_{OPR}$	-40 ~ +100	
Storage Temperature	$T_{OPR}$	-40 ~ +100	
Junction Temperature	$T_J$	120	

認專用章 承

## Notes

1. 1/10 Duty cycle, 10ms pulse width. -, - -,
2. The above forward voltage measurement allowance tolerance is  $\pm 0.1V$ .  $\pm 0.1V$ .
3. The above color coordinates measurement allowance tolerance is  $\pm 0.005$ .  $\pm, , , 1$
4. The above luminous intensity measurement allowance tolerance  $\pm 10\%$ .  $\pm 10\%$ .
5. Care is to be taken that power dissipation does not exceed the absolute maximum rating of the product.





## 1.7 Typical Optical Characteristics Curves

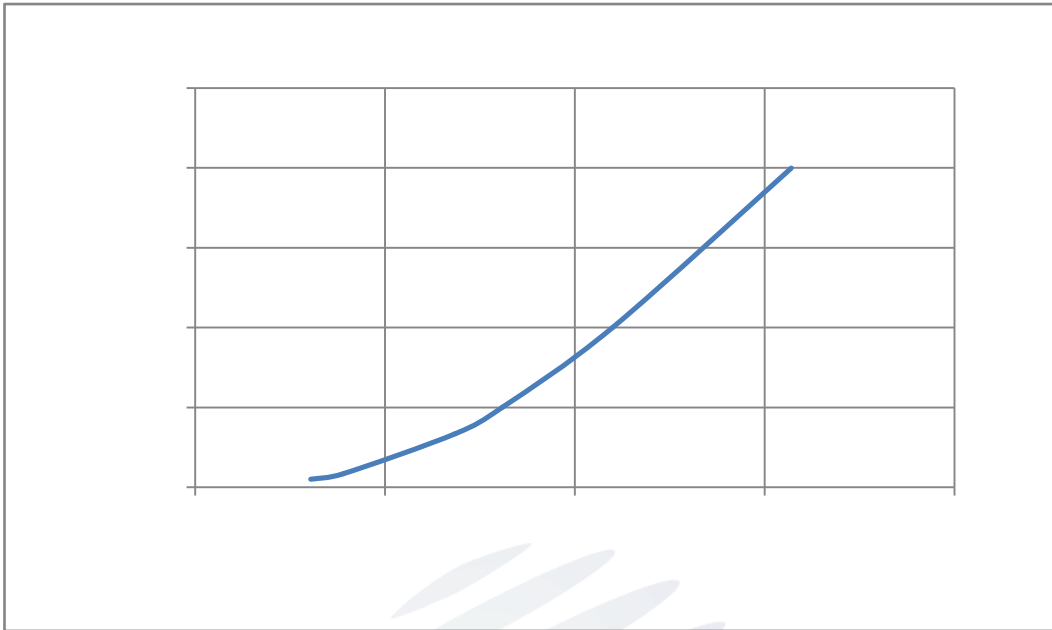


Fig. 1-7 Forward Voltage Vs Forward Current

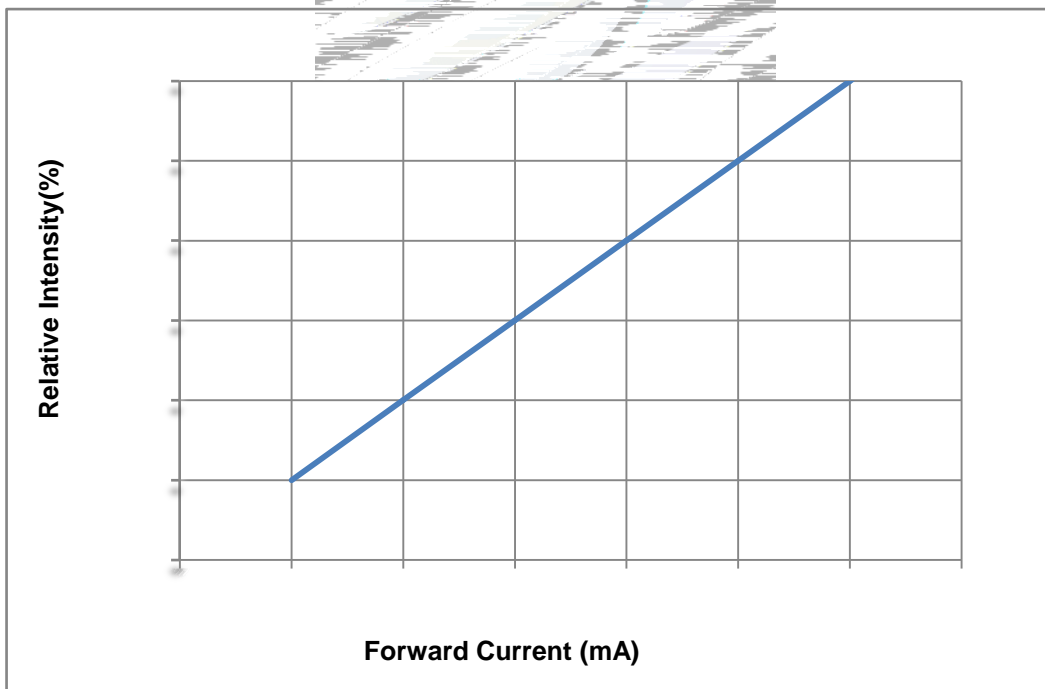
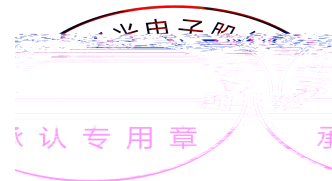


Fig. 1-8 Forward Current Vs Relative Intensity





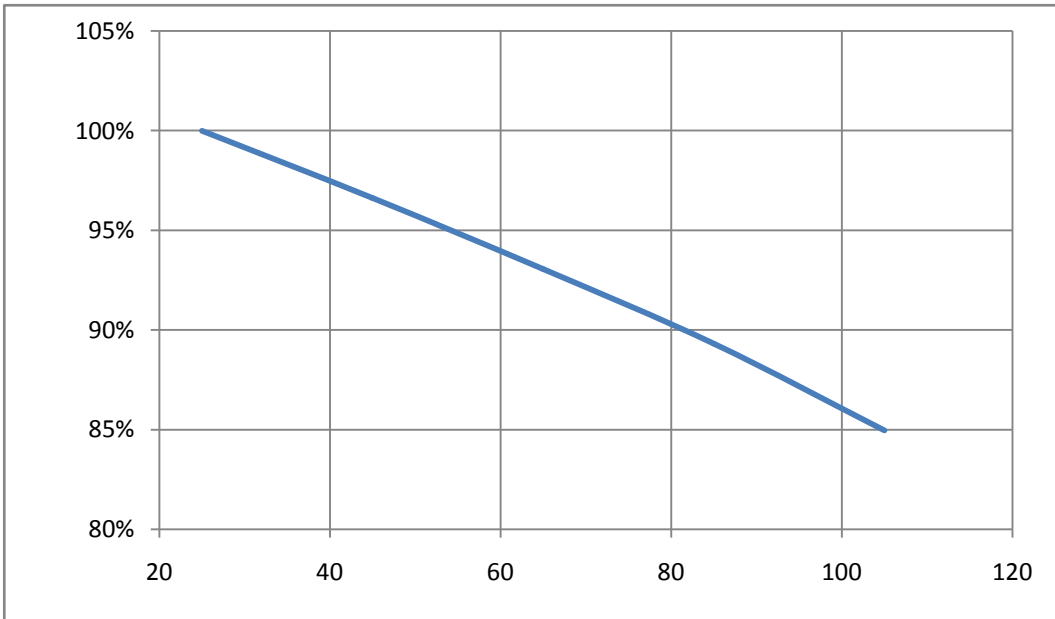


Fig. 1-9 Solder Temperature Vs Relative Intensity

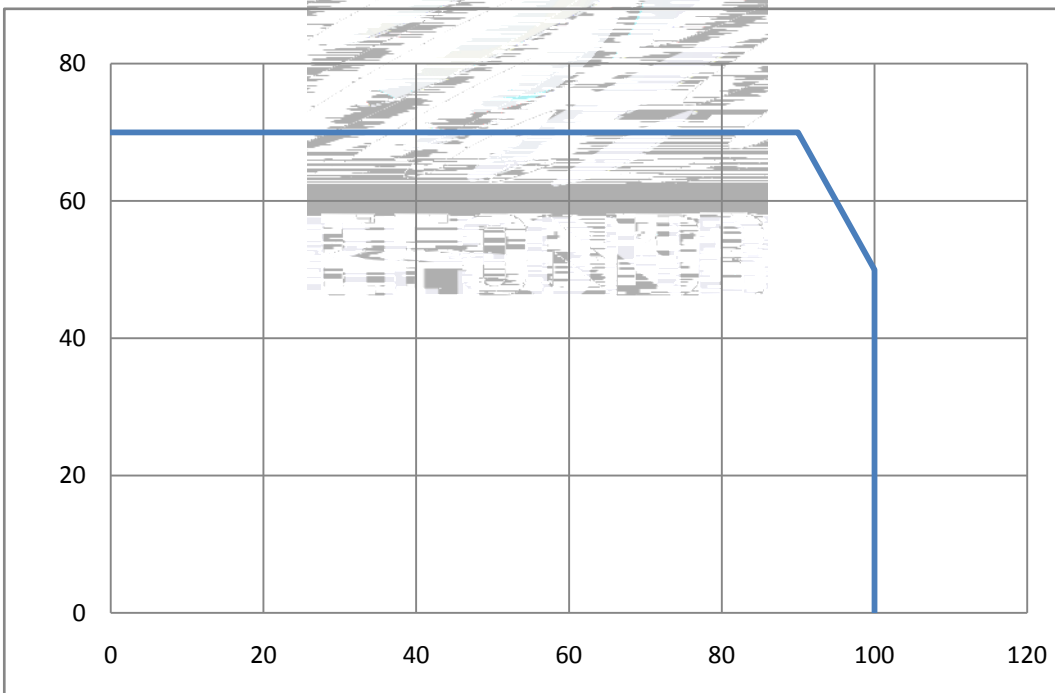
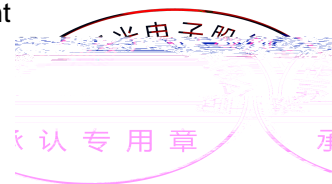


Fig. 1-10 Solder Temperature Vs Forward Current



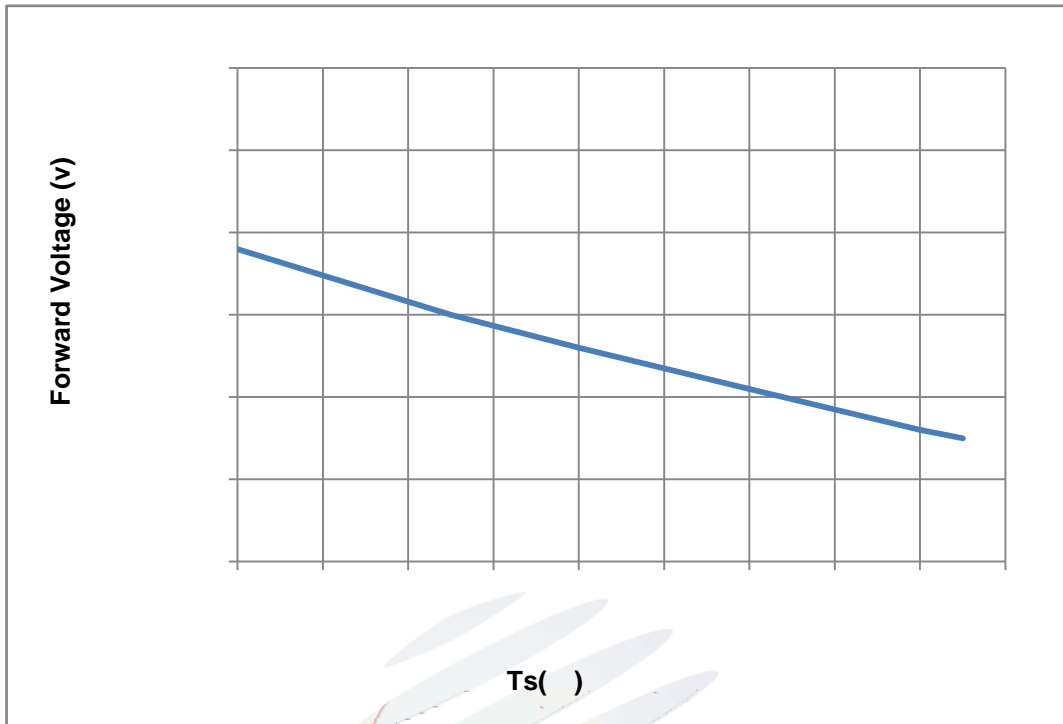


Fig. 1-11 Forward Voltage Vs Solder Temperature

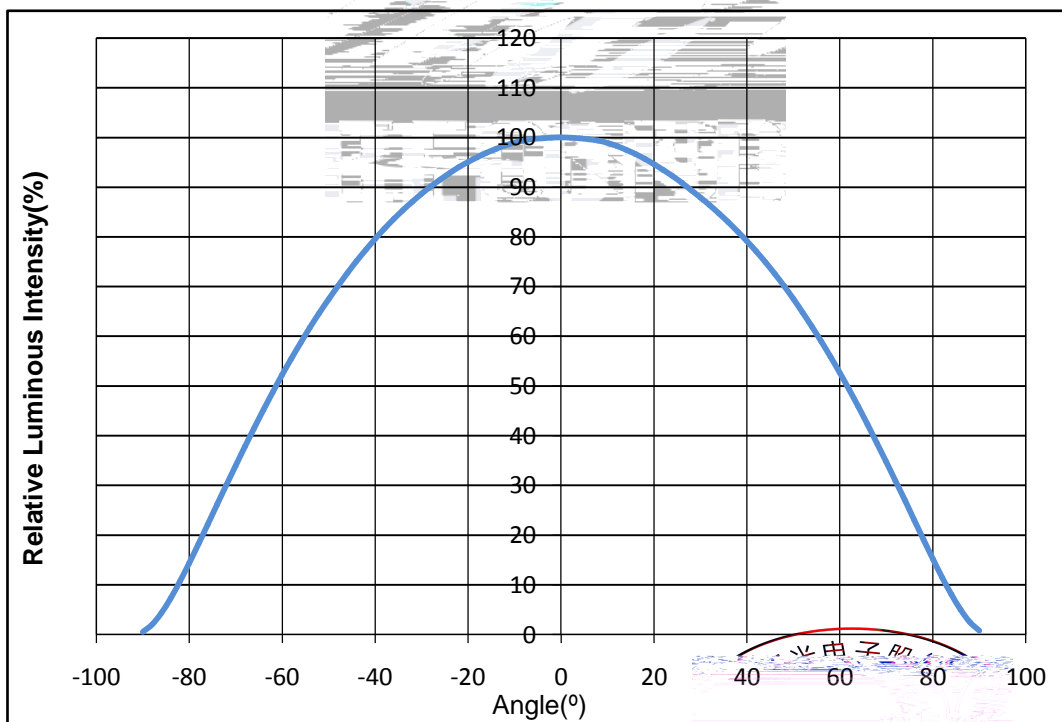
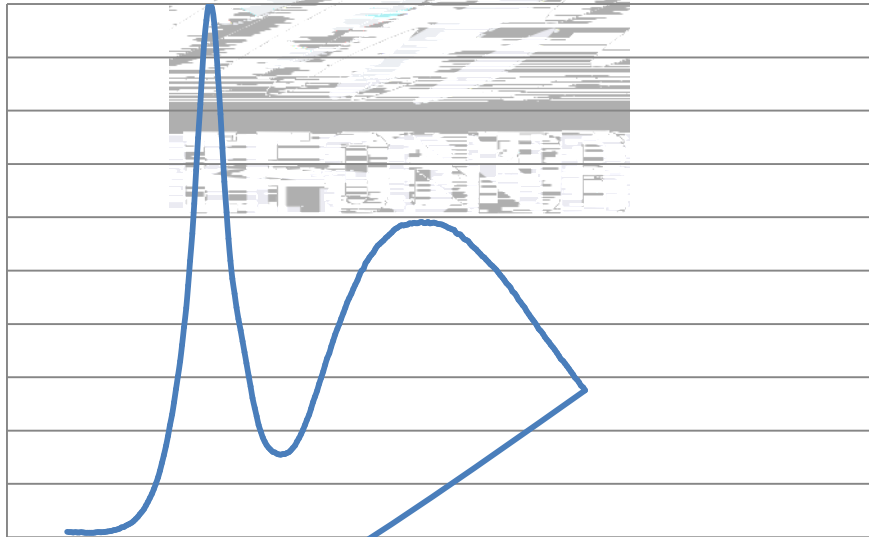
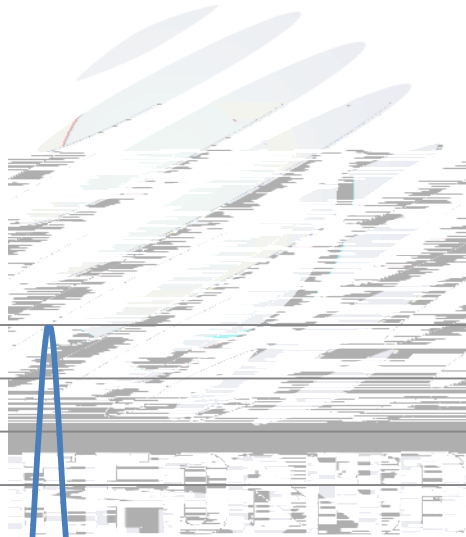


Fig. 1-12 Radiation diagram



## 2. Packaging

### 2.1 Packaging Specification

Package: 2000pcs/reel.      2000pcs

#### 2.1.1 Carrier Tape Dimension

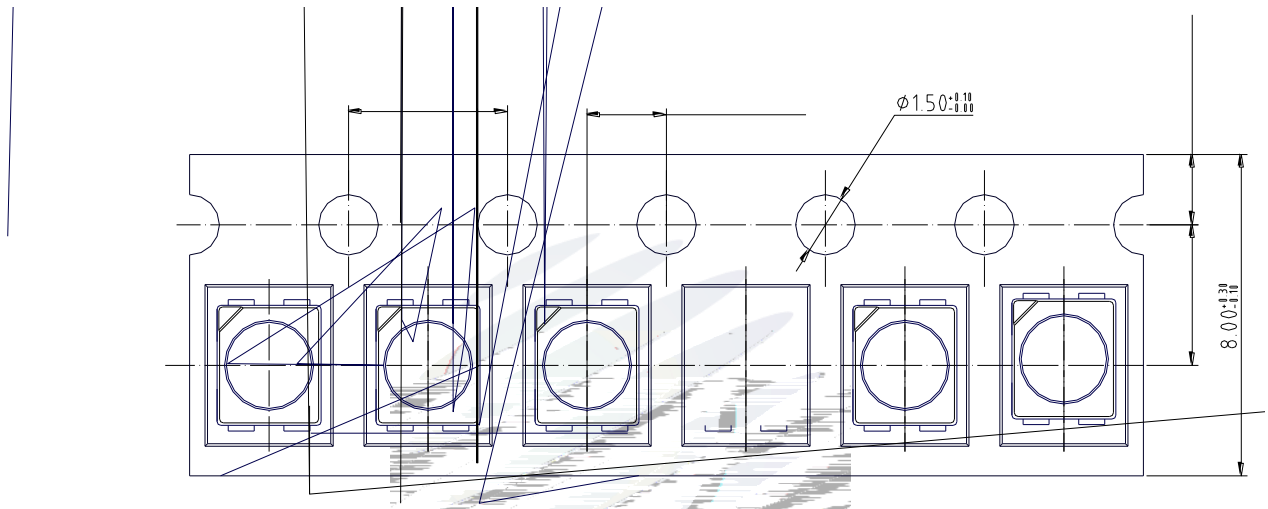


Fig.2-1 Carrier Tape Dimension

#### 2.1.2 Reel Dimension

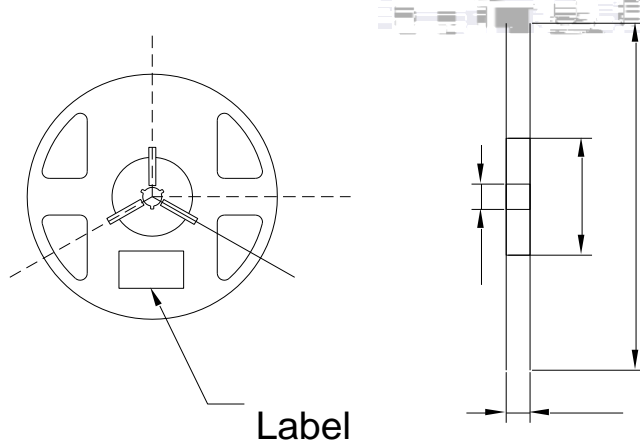


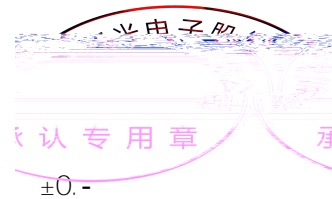
Fig.2-2 Reel Dimension

P . - Reel Dimension

A	8.0±0.1mm
B	330±1mm
C	100±1mm
D	13.0±0.5mm

#### Notes

The tolerances unless mentioned  $\pm 0.1\text{mm}$ . Unit : mm



### 2.1.3 Label Form Specification

PART NO. Specification	
PART NO.	Part Number
SPEC NO.	Spec Number
LOT NO.	Lot Number
BIN CODE	Bin Code

Fig. 2-3 Label

### 2.2 Moisture Resistant Packing



Fig.2-4 Moisture Resistant Packing

## 2.3 Cardboard Box

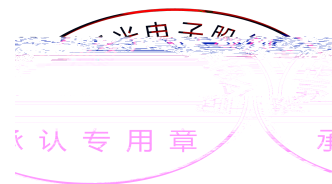
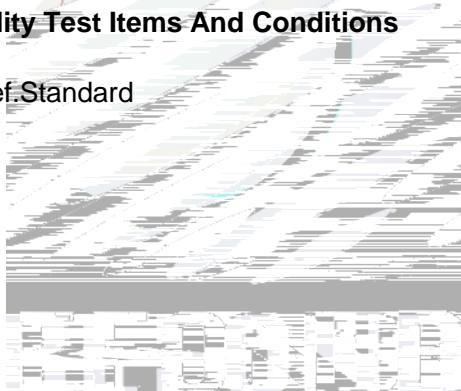
Fig.2- Cardboard Box 包装纸箱

## 2.4 Reliability Test Items And Conditions

Table 2-3 Reliability Test Items And Conditions

Test Items

Ref.Standard



High Temperature High Humidity Life Test	JESD22-A101	85 / 85%RH I <sub>F</sub> =50mA	1000hrs.	20pcs.	0/1
Temperature Humidity Storage	JEITA ED-4701 100 103	T <sub>A</sub> =85 R <sub>H</sub> =85%	1000hrs.	20pcs.	0/1

## 2.5 Criteria For Judging Damage

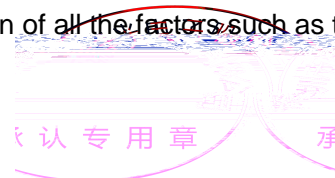
Table 2-4 Criteria For Judging Damage

Test Items	Symbol	Test Condition	Criteria For Judgement	
			Min.	Max.
Forward Voltage	V <sub>F</sub>	I <sub>F</sub> =50mA	-	U.S.L*)x1.1
Reverse Current	I <sub>R</sub>	V <sub>R</sub> = 5V	-	U.S.L*)x2.0
Luminous Flux		I <sub>F</sub> =50mA	L.S.L*)x0.7	-

### Notes

- 1.U.S.L: Upper standard level                      L.S.L: Lower standard level
- 2.The above reliability tests is based on the verification of a single/strip LED of Refond's existing experimental platform,the reliability experiment was taken under good heat dissipation conditions. when customers applies the LED to the series and parallel circuit, should take consideration of all the factors such as the current, voltage distribution, heat dissipation and others.

A



A

3.The technical information shown in the data sheets is limited to the typical characteristics and circuit examples of the referenced products. It does not constitute the warranting of industrial property nor the granting of any license.

### 3. SMT Reflow Soldering Instructions SMT

#### 3.1SMT Reflow Soldering Instructions SMT



Fig.3-1SMT Reflow Soldering Instructions SMT

Table 3-1Reflow parameters

Average temperature rise speed	$T_{smax} - T_p$	3 °C/ Max 3 °C/ s
Preheating: minimum temperature	( $T_{smin}$ )	150 °C
Preheating: Max temperature	( $T_{smax}$ )	200 °C
Preheating: Time	$T_{smin} - T_{smax}$	60 - 120 60s-120s
Time limited to maintain high temperature: the temperature	(TL)	217 °C
Time limited to maintain high temperature: The Time	(tL)	60



(T <sub>P</sub> )	5 °C	Hold time within 5 °C	30	Max 30s
C with the actual peak temperature (TP)				
Cooling speed			6 °C/	Max 6 °C/ s
25 °C	Needed time from 25 °C to T <sub>p</sub>		8	Max 8 minutes

#### Notes

(1) Reflow soldering should not be done more than twice. If more than 24 hours between the two solderings, LED will be damaged.

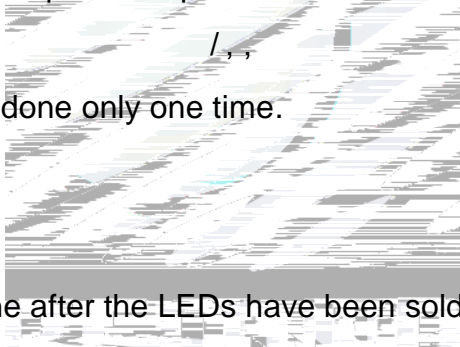
. 0 A

(2) When soldering, do not put stress on the LEDs during heating.

#### 3.1.1 Soldering Iron

(1) When do soldering by hand, keep the temperature of iron below less 300°C less than 3 seconds

(2) Soldering by hand should be done only one time.



#### 3.1.2 Repairing

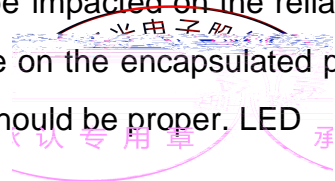
Repairing should not be done after the LEDs have been soldered. When repairing is unavoidable, a double-head soldering iron should be used (as below figure). It should be confirmed in advance whether the characteristics of LEDs will or not be damaged by repairing.

LED

A

#### 3.1.3 Cautions

The encapsulated material of the LEDs is silicone. Therefore the LEDs have a soft surface on the top of package. The pressure to the top surface will be impacted on the reliability of the LEDs. Precautions should be taken to avoid the strong pressure on the encapsulated part. So when use the picking up nozzle, the pressure on the silicone resin should be proper. LED



A

(2) Components should not be mounted on warped (non coplanar) portion of PCB. After soldering, do not warp the circuit board. LED L

(3) Do not apply mechanical force or excess vibration during the cooling process to normal temperature after soldering. Do not rapidly cool device after soldering.

## 4. Handling Precautions

### 4.1 Handling Precautions

(1) LED operating environment and sulfur element composition cannot be over 100PPM in the LED mating usage material. This is provided for informational purposes only and is not a warranty or endorsement. LED A -, , LLI

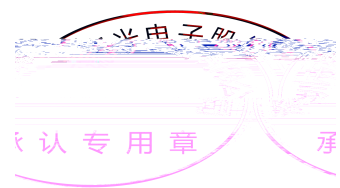
(2) In order to prevent external material from getting into the inside of LED, which may cause the malfunction of LED, the single content of Bromine element is required to be less than 900PPM, the single content of Chlorine element is required to be less than 900PPM, the total content of Bromine element and Chlorine element in the external materials of the application products is required to be less than 1500PPM. This is provided for informational purposes only and is not a warranty or endorsement. A A

5, , LLI

5, , LLI

-1, , LLI

(3) VOCs (Volatile organic compounds) emitted from materials used in the construction of fixtures can penetrate silicone encapsulants of LEDs and discolor when exposed to heat and photonic energy. The result can be a significant loss of light output from the fixture. Knowledge of the properties of the materials selected to be used in the construction of fixtures can help prevent these issues. Refond advises against the use of any chemicals or materials that have been found or are suspected to have an adverse affect on device performance or reliability. To verify



(7) Compared to standard encapsulants, silicone is generally softer, and the surface is more likely to attract dust, requiring special care during processing. In cases where a minimal level of dirt and dust particles cannot be guaranteed, a suitable cleaning solution must be applied to the surface after the soldering of components. Refond suggests using isopropyl alcohol for cleaning. In case other solvents are used, it must be assured that these solvents do not dissolve the package or resin. Ultrasonic cleaning is not recommended. Ultrasonic cleaning may cause damage to the LED.

A

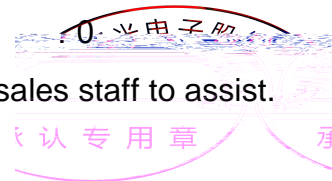
Table 4-1 Storage

Conditions		Temperature	Humidity	Time
Storage	Before Opening Aluminum Bag	30	75%	Within 1 Year From Date
	After Opening Aluminum Bag	30	60%	Recommended for use within 24 hours 24
Baking		60±5	-	24hours 24

(8) If the moisture absorbent material ( silica gel ) has faded away or the LEDs have exceeded the storage time, baking treatment should be performed after unpacking and based on the following condition ( 65±5 ) °C for above 24 hours.

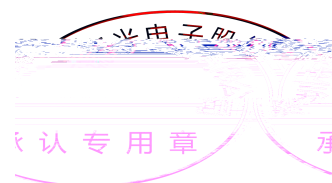
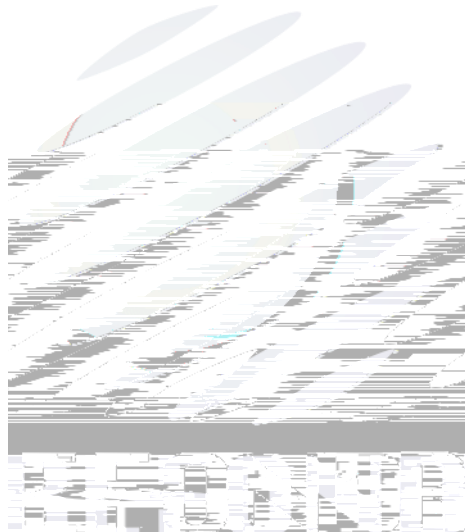
2, ±1

If the package is flatulence or damaged, please notify the sales staff to assist.

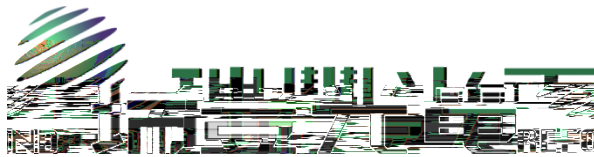


(9) Similar to most Solid state devices; LEDs are sensitive to Electro-Static Discharge (ESD) and Electrical Over Stress (EOS). A

(10) Other points for attention, please refer to our relevant information.







www.refond.com



Declare

This specification is written both in English and in Chinese and the latter is formal.

